#### Conforms to USDOL OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 HAZCOM

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

HEALTH - HYGIENE - HOME

LYSOL® NEUTRA AIR® FRESHMATIC - FRESH SCENT

# 1. Product and company identification

Product name	: LYSOL® NEUTRA AIR® FRESHMATIC - FRESH SCENT
Distributed by	: Reckitt Benckiser LLC. Morris Corporate Center IV 399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225) Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1 973 404 2600
Emergency telephone number (Medical)	: 1-800-338-6167
Emergency telephone number (Transport)	: 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887
Website:	: http://www.rbnainfo.com
Product use	: Surface care (aerosol sprays)

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

SDS #	1	D0088956 v17.0
Formulation #:	÷	0137084 v5.0
UPC Code / Sizes	:	Aerosol Container

#### 2. Hazards identification **Classification of the** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas substance or mixture **EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A GHS label elements Hazard pictograms** Signal word : Danger **Hazard statements** : Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. : 0137084 D0088956 1/14 Code # SDS # : D0088956 v17.0 Date of issue : 29/10/2018 (US)

## 2. Hazards identification

#### **Precautionary statements**

General	: Keep out of reach of children and pets. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Supplemental label elements	: None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	30 - 60	64742-47-8
butane	15 - 30	106-97-8
1,1-difluoroethane	10 - 15	75-37-6
propane	5 - 10	74-98-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

# 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### 4. First aid measures Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Skin contact No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing **Skin contact** : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and

explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the

## 6. Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 15 to 25°C (59 to 77°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
butane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
1,1-difluoroethane	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
propane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Aerosol.]
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Fragrant.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: <0°C (<32°F)
Code # : 0137084_D008 (US)	SDS #         : D0088956 v17.0         Date of issue         : 29/10/2018         6/14

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	:	Not available.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Vapor density	:	Not available.
Relative density	:	Not available.
Solubility	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	38.13 kJ/g

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
butane L	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours
Isopropyl myristate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl myristate	Skin - Moderate irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 85 milligrams Intermittent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 426	-

•	information			
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 100 - milligrams
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Based on available data	i, the classificat	ion criteria ar	re not met.
Eyes	: Based on Calculation m	ethod: Causes	serious eye i	irritation.
Respiratory	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria a	re not met.
Sensitization				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary				
Skin	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria a	re not met.
Respiratory	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria a	re not met.
<u>Mutagenicity</u>				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria a	re not met.
Carcinogenicity				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria a	re not met.
Reproductive toxicity				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria ar	re not met.
Feratogenicity				
Not available.				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data	, the classificat	ion criteria a	re not met.
Specific target organ toxic	city (single exposure)			
Not available.				
Specific target organ toxi	city (repeated exposure)			
Not available.				
Aspiration hazard			Decult	
Name	rotreated light		Result ASPIRAT	

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

# Potential acute health effectsEye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **11. Toxicological information**

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	;	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ect</u>	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
General Carcinogenicity		No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	:	
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity		No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	319701 mg/kg

# 12. Ecological information

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	<b>AVI</b>	***	
	UXI	LV	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classific	ation criteria are not met.	

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification chiena are not met.

# **12. Ecological information**

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
butane	2.89	-	low
1,1-difluoroethane	1.13	-	low
propane	1.09	-	low
Isopropyl myristate	7.71	-	high

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	-	$\diamondsuit$	Limited quantity
TDG Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-	$\bigcirc$	Limited quantity
Mexico Classification	UN1950	AEROSOLES	2.1	-	$\bigcirc$	Limited quantity
IMDG Class	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-	$\bigcirc$	Limited quantity
Code # : 013708	4_D0088956	<b>SDS #</b> : D008	8956 v17.0 <b>D</b>	ate of iss	sue : 29/1	0/2018 <b>10/14</b>

14. Transport information								
ATA-DGR Class UN1950		Aerosols, flammable	2.1	-		See DG List.		
Special precautions fo	U	<b>Fransport within user's </b> pright and secure. Ensure event of an accident or spi	e that perso					
PG* : Packing group								
15. Regulatory	y inforn	nation						
U.S. Federal regulations		<ul> <li>TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 2-(4-tert-butylbenzyl)propionaldehyde; 4-(4-hydroxy-4-methylpentyl) cyclohex-3-enecarbaldehyde; 7-hydroxycitronellal; α-hexylcinnamaldehyde; cinnamaldehyde</li> <li>TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined</li> <li>United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.</li> <li>Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: 1,1-difluoroethane; butane; propane</li> </ul>						
Clean Air Act Section (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)		Not listed						
Clean Air Act Section Class I Substances	1602 : N	lot listed						
Clean Air Act Section Class II Substances	1602 : N	lot listed						
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals		lot listed						
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals		lot listed						
SARA 302/304								
Composition/inform	nation on in	gredients						
No products were for	und.							
SARA 304 RQ <u>SARA 311/312</u>	: N	lot applicable.						
Classification       : Fire hazard         Sudden release of pressure       Immediate (acute) health hazard								

# 15. Regulatory information

<u> </u>						
Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
butane 1,1-difluoroethane propane Isopropyl myristate	15 - 30 10 -15 5 - 10 1 - 2.5	Yes. Yes. Yes. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes. No.	No. No. No. No.	No. No. No. Yes.	No. No. No. No.

State regulations	
Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: DIFLUOROETHANE; BUTANE; PROPANE
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: 1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE; ETHANE, 1, 1-DIFLUORO-; BUTANE; PROPANE</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: BUTANE; PROPANE
<u>Canada</u>	
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class B-5: Flammable aerosol. Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
Canadian lists	
Canadian NPRI	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Hydrotreated light distillate; Volatile organic compounds; Butane (all isomers); Propane</li> </ul>
CEPA Toxic substances	: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds
Canada inventory	: Not determined.
Label elements	
Signal word	: CAUTION
Hazard statements	AEROSOLS EYE IRRITANT CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE. CONTAINER MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED.
Precautionary measures	<ul> <li>Keep out of reach of children and pets. May be harmful if directly inhaled. May cause allergic reaction in some individuals. DO NOT spray towards face or body. DO NOT get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin. DO NOT puncture or incinerate container. DO NOT puncture or incinerate container.</li> <li>DO NOT expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120F (49 oC). DO NOT position near heat or electrical sources. DO NOT spray into open flames. DO NOT spray directly onto surfaces.</li> <li>In case of contact with surfaces, wipe immediately with damp cloth. Use in well-ventilated rooms away from sleeping areas. For adult use only. Product is not a toy. Contains propellants, petroleum solvent and fragrance.</li> </ul>
Additional information	: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IMMEDIATELY call a Physician or Poison Control Center. If in eyes, IMMEDIATELY rinse eyes with water. Remove any contact lenses and continue rinsing eyes for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention. If on skin, wash with soap and water. Discontinue use IMMEDIATELY and get medical attention if a reaction develops. Use only as directed.

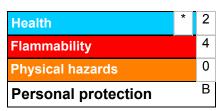
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# 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### NFPA (30B) aerosol Flammability 3

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
Date of issue	: 29/10/2018
Date of previous issue	: 29/08/2018
Version	: 17

## **16. Other information**

#### **Prepared by**

: Reckitt Benckiser India Ltd Plot No 48 Sector - 32 Institutional Area Gurgaon, Haryana India - 122001

**Revision comments** : Revision of the SDS

**Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.** 

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.